

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: **04Q**
Product name: **SW SMALTO LC (A)**
UFI: **P841-C0CN-R00C-X6FK**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: **WATER BASED EPOXY COATING.**

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: **NORD RESINE S.p.A.**
Full address: **Via Fornace Vecchia, 79**
District and Country: **31058 Susegana (TV)**
Italia
Tel.: **+39 0438-437511**
Fax: **+39 0438-435155**
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: **annabreda@nordresine.com**

Supplier: **NORD RESINE S.p.A.**

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to:

Ireland
National Poisons Information Centre
+353 018092166
+353 018092566

Malta
Malta Competition and Consumer Affairs Authority (MCCAA)
+356 2395 2000

Belgium
Centre Antipoisons: +32 022649636

Germany
BfR Bundesinstitut für Risikobewertung: +49 30184120

Netherlands
National Poisons Information Center / University Medical Center Utrecht
+31 88 75 585 61

Croatia
Croatian Institute of Public Health, Division for Toxicology: +38514686910

Sveden
Swedish Poisons Information Centre: +46104566750

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

Hazard classification and indication:

| | | |
|--|-------|--|
| Reproductive toxicity, category 1B | H360F | May damage fertility. |
| Eye irritation, category 2 | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Skin irritation, category 2 | H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| Skin sensitization, category 1A | H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 | H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: **Danger**

Hazard statements:

| | |
|---------------|--|
| H360F | May damage fertility. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH205 | Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction. Restricted to professional users. |

Precautionary statements:

| | |
|------------------|---|
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. |
| P308+P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention. |
| P273 | Avoid release to the environment. |
| P391 | Collect spillage. |
| P261 | Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray. |

Contains:

oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane
Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane and [2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl}oxirane and [2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

Two-pack reactive performance coatings for specific end use such as floors.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition :

17,30

Limit value:

140,00

- Catalysed with :

570,00 %

SW SMALTO LC (B)

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration \geq 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

| Identification | x = Conc. % | Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane | | |
| INDEX | 603-073-00-2 50 ≤ x < 75 | Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 |
| EC | 216-823-5 | Skin Irrit. 2 H315: ≥ 5%, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: ≥ 5% |
| CAS | 1675-54-3 | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119456619-26 | |
| oxirane, mono[[C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | | |
| INDEX | 603-103-00-4 15 ≤ x < 20 | Repr. 1B H360F, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317 |
| EC | 271-846-8 | |
| CAS | 68609-97-2 | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119485289-22 | |
| Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane and [2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl]oxirane and [2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane | | |
| INDEX | 701-263-0 15 ≤ x < 20 | Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 |
| EC | 701-263-0 | |
| CAS | 9003-36-5 | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119454392-40 | |

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice/attention. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment: see section 4.1

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

| | | |
|--|---------|-------|
| Normal value in fresh water | 0,0072 | mg/l |
| Normal value in marine water | 0,00072 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 66,77 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 6,677 | mg/kg |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 10 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 80,12 | mg/kg |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Oral | | 1,219 mg/kg bw/d | | 1 mg/kg bw/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | 2,9 mg/m3 | 7,6 mg/m3 | 1,46 mg/m3 | 4,1 mg/m3 | 9,8 mg/m3 | 29 mg/m3 | 0,98 mg/m3 | 13,8 mg/m3 |
| Skin | 40 mg/kg bw/d | 10 mg/kg bw/d | 1 mg/kg bw/d | 2,35 mg/kg bw/d | 68 mg/kg bw/d | 17 mg/kg bw/d | 1,7 mg/kg bw/d | 3,9 mg/kg bw/d |

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane and [2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl]oxirane and [2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

| | | |
|--|-------|-------|
| Normal value in fresh water | 0,003 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 0,294 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 0,029 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for water, intermittent release | 0,025 | mg/l |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 10 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 0,237 | mg/kg |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Oral | | | | 6,25 mg/kg bw/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | 8,7 mg/m3 | | | | 29,39 mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | 62,5 mg/kg bw/d | 0,0083 mg/cm2 | | | 104,15 mg/kg bw/d |

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

| | | |
|--|--------|-------|
| Normal value in fresh water | 0,006 | mg/l |
| Normal value in marine water | 0,0006 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 0,996 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 0,0996 | mg/kg |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Oral | | | VND | 0,75 mg/kg/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | | | | VND | 12,25 mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | VND | 3,571 mg/kg/d | | | VND | 8,33 mg/kg |

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability time.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

Protect your hands with gloves of the following type:

Material: Butyl rubber (IIR)

Thickness: 0,35 mm

Breakthrough time: 480 min

Material: Nitrile rubber (NBR)

Thickness: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time: 480 min

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Properties | Value | Information |
|--|--------------------|---|
| Appearance | liquid | |
| Colour | LIGHT YELLOW | |
| Odour | characteristic | |
| Melting point / freezing point | -25 °C | Substance:oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. |
| Initial boiling point | not determined | Reason for missing data:not determined |
| Flammability | not determined | |
| Lower explosive limit | not determined | Reason for missing data:not determined |
| Upper explosive limit | not determined | Reason for missing data:not determined |
| Flash point | > 110 °C | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | not determined | Reason for missing data:not determined |
| Decomposition temperature | not determined | Reason for missing data:not determined |
| pH | not applicable | |
| Kinematic viscosity | not determined | Reason for missing data:not determined |
| Dynamic viscosity | 700-1100 mPa*s | Temperature: 25 °C |
| Solubility | insoluble in water | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | not applicable | |
| Vapour pressure | not determined | Reason for missing data:not determined |
| Density and/or relative density | 1,141 kg/l | Method:EN ISO 2811-1 Temperature: 23 °C |
| Relative vapour density | not determined | Reason for missing data:not determined |
| Particle characteristics | not applicable | |

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties ... / >>**9.2. Other information**

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU)
Information not available**SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity****10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.
It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: | Not classified (no significant component) |
| ATE (Oral) of the mixture: | Not classified (no significant component) |
| ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: | Not classified (no significant component) |

SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.
LD50 (Dermal): > 10000 mg/kg Rat

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane and
[2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl}oxirane and [2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane
LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Oral): > 5000 mg/kg Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane and
[2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl}oxirane and [2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane
The skin irritation of bisphenol F diglycidyl ether was determined to be mild to non-irritating based on the six Klimisch 1 and 2 studies
conducted according to OECD guidelines.
In the experimental conditions used, only one product induced erythema and edema reactions above the significance threshold
(score 2 for erythema or edema) and was classified as irritant according to EEC directive no. 83/467/1983. The other studies
indicated mild irritation, but not sufficient to reach the classification threshold.
Two repeated dose cumulative irritation studies were performed and under the experimental conditions employed the test materials
induced significant irritation after repeated application and a potential for cumulative skin irritation was found in albino rabbits.
Effects on skin irritation/corrosion: slightly irritating.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane and
[2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl}oxirane and [2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane
The ocular irritation of bisphenol F diglycidyl ether was determined to be non-irritating based on the four Klimisch 1 and 2 studies
conducted according to OECD guidelines. In rabbit eye irritation tests, 0.1 ml of the test material caused no irritation and no initial
pain response.

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

Skin sensitization

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane and
[2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl}oxirane and [2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether (BPF DGE) tested positive for induction of skin sensitization in the mouse Local Lymph Node Assay
(LLNA). Based on an EC3 value of 0.7%, BPF DGE is considered a strong skin sensitizer. According to ECHA guidelines, this EC3
value was converted to an EC3 value of 175 ug/cm2 and is considered the LOAEL for the induction of skin sensitization in the LLNA
mouse for BPF DGE. From sensitization tests it can be concluded that BPF DGE is a sensitizer.

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

May damage fertility

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>**11.2. Information on other hazards**

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it has negative effects on the aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.
LC50 - for Fish > 5000 mg/l/96h Rainbow trout

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane and
[2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl}oxirane and [2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane
LC50 - for Fish 2,54 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea 2,55 mg/l/48h Daphnia Magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 1,8 mg/l/72h

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane
LC50 - for Fish 1,5 mg/l/96h Fish

12.2. Persistence and degradability

oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.
Solubility in water 0,483 mg/l

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane
Solubility in water 0,1 - 100 mg/l
NOT rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 6 Log Kow
BCF 263

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water > 2,918
BCF 31

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations ... / >>

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions. The management of waste arising from the use or dispersal of this product must be organised in accordance with occupational safety regulations. See section 8 for possible need for PPE.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING
Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 3082

ADR / RID: In accordance with Special Provision 375, this product, when is packed in receptacles of a capacity ≤ 5Kg or 5L, is not submitted to ADR provisions.

IMDG: In accordance with Section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG Code, this product, when is packed in receptacles of a capacity ≤ 5Kg or 5L, is not submitted to IMDG Code provisions.

IATA: In accordance with SP A197, this product, when is packed in receptacles of a capacity ≤ 5Kg or 5L, is not submitted to IATA dangerous goods regulations.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane; Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane and [2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl}oxirane and [2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane)

IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane; Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane and [2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl}oxirane and [2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane)

IATA: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane; Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane and [2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl}oxirane and [2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]dioxirane)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 9 Label: 9



IMDG: Class: 9 Label: 9



IATA: Class: 9 Label: 9



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Repr. 1B | Reproductive toxicity, category 1B |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | Eye irritation, category 2 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin irritation, category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitization, category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1A | Skin sensitization, category 1A |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 |
| H360F | May damage fertility. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH205 | Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction. |

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)

SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1434 (XIX Atp. CLP)
25. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1435 (XX Atp. CLP)
26. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2024/197 (XXI Atp. CLP)

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- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
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- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 14 / 15 / 16.